Fort Hays radar monitors solar flares

With the biggest solar flares in facility at Fort Hays State University is paying dividends.

That is the SuperDARN radar arrays on Fort Hays State grounds southwest of Hays. "Essentially," said Dr. John Heinrichs, chair of the university's department of geosciences, "it's a Doppler weather radar that looks at the highest levels of the atmosphere."

In an interview Thursday, Heinrichs was monitoring data in real time from the effects of the solar winds on the ionosphere.

"In fact," he said, "I'm looking right now at the SuperDARN plots and we can see where the effects are strongest." Thursday morning, that was north of Alaska, where there was a strong "anti-cyclonic rotation" (clockwise) in the ionosphere over Alaska and a strong counterclockwise rotation over Iceland.

"Our location was chosen because we are right in the middle of the United States," monitoring the upper atmosphere from Alaska to Iceland.

"It turns out that the places showing the most activity today are right in the beam field of the Fort Hays State radar," he said.

The Fort Hays State antennas were constructed in 2009 and 2010 on a site at the northeast corner of the intersection of Golf Course Road and 210th Ave. Each of the two low-power, high-frequency radars has a total of two dozen 56-foot poles that support wire antennas over 42-foot gaps. The Fort Hays radar facility is funded as part of an National Science Foundation program called MSI, or Mid-Sized Infrastructure.

The Fort Hays installation was part of a \$6 million Science Foundation grant to build pairs of new radars at sites in Kansas, Oregon, Alaska and the Azores. The overall project is a collaboration involving Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, Va., as the lead institution; Dartmouth College, Hanover, N.H.; the University of Alaska, Fairbanks; and the Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory, Laurel, Md. Fort Hays' involvement is through the departments of geosciences and physics.

"These solar flares are like a big pulse of electrons and protons that are shot at the earth," said Heinrichs. "They actually cause the ionosphere to move - they cause have down here."

morning, Heinrichs said, he was mental sciences, something that weather radios. Warnings are also seeing in real time indications doesn't involve too many office relayed to emergency managethat the ionosphere was, in places, hours, something that involves be- ment and public safety officials moving as fast as 2,000 meters, or ing out there in the field." roughly half a mile, per second.

"I haven't seen movement this six years making news and caus- fast since we've been receiving ing concern around the globe, a data," he said. "Ordinarily, velocities would be half that or a little less."

He said that the impact on the earth of these most recent flares has turned out to be a little less than was expected. "It's a little bit weaker than people thought it would be," he said.

At a "K rating" of 5, this is not the strongest possible storm, said Heinrichs. In storms with an intensity of 9, he said, "We would be able to see auroras here in Kansas. But with 5, the best viewing might be only as far south as Minnesota or Michigan."

"Fort Hays State is definitely contributing to a major international effort to monitor the effects of these storms," he said. "And the fact is we can get real time data now. We can actually watch as it happens. So we're having a direct effect in the study of these storms and their effects on earth."

Earth's magnetic fields protect the planet's surface from getting direct impact, but they do cause damage to electronics, to satellites, to communications and air travel.

"There are cases on record that such storms caused such a load on telegraph lines that telegraph keys said

Another benefit to Fort Hays is for academics. The university has a student intern to maintain the site, and the Department of Geosciences and the Department of Physics has access to real-time data and pictures to use in class.

"When we teach a class that's about the atmosphere, we can use this data," he said.

The student intern, Randy Ouellette, a Fort Kent, Maine, senior majoring in geography, said his main job is maintaining the site. ficer. "We recommend that every-"I basically upkeep the integrity transmitters are up and running and working properly.'

"It is a near perfect location frequently." for those antennas," he said, "but you have to battle the wind all the the difference between a watch time."

He said it is a great opportunity to learn more about electronics for severe weather to develop, a in general and the physics of the upper atmosphere. "It's a great opportunity for any intern to get involved with a worldwide project spotters and other sources is used like this," he said.

can ruin your whole day. Chris Foltz, a meteorologist with the hail and tornados form and how to identify and report storms National Weather Service office in Goodland, displayed some to the service. size comparisons at a storm spotter training session in Colby

EVAN BARNUM / Colby Free Press Hail, from dime to softball size, traveling at up to 100 mph, last week. He talked about thunderstorm development, how

Disaster kit helps prepare for weather emergency

It's important to know how to would melt and cause fires," he prepare for severe weather, according to the Kansas Department of Health and Environment. Make sure you have what you need in an emergency disaster kit and know the meaning of warnings and watches.

> Severe weather can strike anywhere this tornado season.

"When severe weather strikes you often have only a few minutes to respond and seek shelter. It is essential for you and your family to be prepared in an emergency," said Robert Moser, state health ofone become familiar with the type of it," he said. "I make sure all the of weather they may encounter ... prepare an emergency disaster kit and practice their emergency plan

> Many people do not understand and a warning.

When conditions are favorable severe thunderstorm or tornado watch is issued.

Information from weather radar, to issue severe thunderstorm and As for his career choices, that is tornado warnings when severe weather in the ionosphere, like we a tough question, he said. "There weather is imminent. Warnings are so many aspects to it. I would are passed to local radio and tele-Looking at the data Friday like to do something in environ- vision stations and broadcast over

The department recommends assembling an emergency disaster kit in advance.

If you need to take shelter, be sure every family member puts on hard-soled footwear and take your emergency disaster kit with you. It should contain:

• Non-perishable food items and water.

 Manual can opener if your kit or cash. contains canned food.

• Blankets or sleeping bags.

• Change of clothing for each family member.

counties to follow the storm. · Identification and a credit card

• First-aid kit.

• Sun block.

• Weather radio.

• Prescription medications.

• Flashlight and batteries.

• Set of car and house keys.

• Whistle to signal for help.

• Highway map that marks the

• Any specific items you may need for children such as diapers or formula.

needed for family members with disabilities or medical conditions. Don't forget pets will also need supplies, including food, water, collars and leashes. Smaller animals may need a crate or a cage. Another good preparation is to designate an out-of-state friend or family member as your family contact in case weather strikes while your family members are apart.

Additional information about severe weather and being prepared Additional supplies may be is available at www.ready.gov.





who then activate local warning systems to alert communities.



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